## Accepted Manuscript

Role of synthetic antifreeze agents in catalyzing ice nucleation

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PII: S0011-2240(18)30203-7

DOI: 10.1016/j.cryobiol.2018.08.010

Reference: YCRYO 4006

To appear in: Cryobiology

Received Date: 26 June 2018

Revised Date: 21 August 2018

Accepted Date: 21 August 2018

Please cite this article as: L. Weng, A. Swei, M. Toner, Role of synthetic antifreeze agents in catalyzing ice nucleation, *Cryobiology* (2018), doi: 10.1016/j.cryobiol.2018.08.010.

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## 1 Role of Synthetic Antifreeze Agents in Catalyzing Ice Nucleation

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## 11 Abstract

12 Nature endows antifreeze (glyco)proteins (AF(G)Ps) with the excellent capability of inhibiting 13 ice crystal growth. Recent years have also witnessed the emergence of many potent AF(G)P mimics such as poly(vinyl alcohol) (PVA). As researchers are revealing the molecular 14 15 mechanisms of inhibiting ice crystal growth by AF(G)Ps and their synthetic substitutes, there remains no agreement about their effect on ice nucleation. In this study, we report the 16 observation of ice nucleation catalyzed by PVA of different polymerization degrees using a 17 18 freeze-on-a-chip platform which allows the monitoring of freezing and melting events over 19 hundreds of monodisperse, picoliter-sized aqueous droplets. Aqueous droplets made of 1 20 mg/ml PVA solution exhibit a median freezing temperature of around -36 °C, two degrees 21 higher than the observed homogeneous nucleation temperature of water. The findings in our 22 study bring useful insights into the different roles of synthetic antifreeze agents in controlling 23 ice formation.

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- Keywords: Antifreeze protein; poly(vinyl alcohol); ice crystallization inhibition; median freezing
   temperature; heterogeneous ice nucleation; microfluidics
- 26 temperature; neterogeneous ice nucleation; n
- 27 28

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