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The Shot Peen Forming of Fiber Metal Laminates based on the

Aluminum-lithium Alloy: Deformation Characteristics

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Abstract: The deformation behavior of novel fiber metal laminates based on

aluminum-lithium alloy (NFMLs) after shot peen forming was investigated to further reveal their

deformation mechanism and seek a desired forming method. AZB425 ceramic balls were used to

sharp the NFMLs strips with various shot peening intensity and coverage. Furthermore, arc height

of the laminates was measured to describe the deformation behavior. The X-ray and layer removal

methods were adopted to reveal the distribution characteristics of residual stress. The results

indicated that the forming curvature of 165.24 mm was achieved for 3/2 cross-ply NFMLs. Plastic

deformation was produced only in the shot peened metal layer, while elastic deformation in other

fiber and metal layers. Comparing with metal materials, NFMLs possessed similar deformation

rules following the variation of shot peening intensity and coverage. However, the laminates were

inclined to deform perpendicular to fiber direction. Besides, shot peening significantly changed

the residual stress state of NFMLs. The distribution of residual stress for shot peened NFMLs was

obtained qualitatively in this study. The relaxation behavior of complicated residual stress was

negligible even after 1000 times thermal impact from 100°C to 0°C.

Keywords: Fiber metal laminates; Aluminum-lithium alloy; Shot peen forming; Deformation

behavior; Failure behavior; Residual stress

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