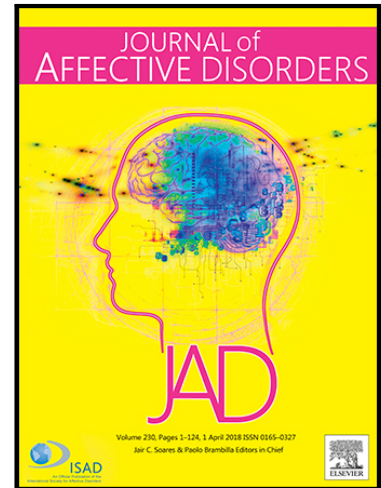


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Temperament traits and remission of depression: a naturalistic six-month longitudinal study

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Conflict of interest

The authors declare that they have no conflict of interest.

Highlights

- Harm avoidance, state-dependent to a large extent, is associated with worse outcome
- Within moderate/severe depression, higher reward dependence predicts better outcome
- Among patients with moderate or severe depression, smokers have worse outcome.

ABSTRACT

Background: The aim of this naturalistic longitudinal study was to add evidence regarding the potential of Cloninger's temperament traits (novelty seeking, harm avoidance, reward dependence and persistence) for predicting the effect of pharmacological treatment on the rates of therapeutic response and remission.

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