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# Products of commutators in a Lie nilpotent associative algebra

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## ABSTRACT

Let  $F$  be a field and let  $F\langle X \rangle$  be the free unital associative algebra over  $F$  freely generated by an infinite countable set  $X = \{x_1, x_2, \dots\}$ . Define a left-normed commutator  $[a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n]$  recursively by  $[a_1, a_2] = a_1a_2 - a_2a_1$ ,  $[a_1, \dots, a_{n-1}, a_n] = [[a_1, \dots, a_{n-1}], a_n]$  ( $n \geq 3$ ). For  $n \geq 2$ , let  $T^{(n)}$  be the two-sided ideal in  $F\langle X \rangle$  generated by all commutators  $[a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n]$  ( $a_i \in F\langle X \rangle$ ).

Let  $F$  be a field of characteristic 0. In 2008 Etingof, Kim and Ma conjectured that  $T^{(m)}T^{(n)} \subset T^{(m+n-1)}$  if and only if  $m$  or  $n$  is odd. In 2010 Bapat and Jordan confirmed the “if” direction of the conjecture: if at least one of the numbers  $m$ ,  $n$  is odd then  $T^{(m)}T^{(n)} \subset T^{(m+n-1)}$ . The aim of the present note is to confirm the “only if” direction of the conjecture. We prove that if  $m = 2m'$  and  $n = 2n'$  are even then  $T^{(m)}T^{(n)} \not\subset T^{(m+n-1)}$ . Our result is valid over any field  $F$ .

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## 1. Introduction

Let  $F$  be a field. Let  $X = \{x_1, x_2, \dots\}$  be an infinite countable set and let  $F\langle X \rangle$  be the free associative algebra over  $F$  freely generated by  $X$ . Define a left-normed commutator  $[a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n]$  recursively by  $[a_1, a_2] = a_1a_2 - a_2a_1$ ,  $[a_1, \dots, a_{n-1}, a_n] = [[a_1, \dots, a_{n-1}], a_n]$  ( $n \geq 3$ ). For  $n \geq 2$ , let  $T^{(n)}$  be the two-sided ideal in  $F\langle X \rangle$  generated by all commutators  $[a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n]$  ( $a_i \in F\langle X \rangle$ ).

In 2008 Etingof, Kim and Ma [9] made a conjecture (see Conjecture 3.6 in the arXiv version of [9]) that can be reformulated as follows:

**Conjecture 1.1** (see [9]). *Let  $F$  be a field of characteristic 0. Then  $T^{(m)}T^{(n)} \subset T^{(m+n-1)}$  if and only if  $m$  or  $n$  is odd.*

In [9] this conjecture was confirmed for  $m$  and  $n$  such that  $m + n \leq 7$ . In 2010 Bapat and Jordan [2, Corollary 1.4] confirmed the “if” direction of the conjecture for arbitrary  $m, n$ .

**Theorem 1.2** (see [2]). *Let  $F$  be a field of characteristic  $\neq 2, 3$ . Let  $m, n \in \mathbb{Z}$ ,  $m, n > 1$  and at least one of the numbers  $m, n$  is odd. Then*

$$T^{(m)}T^{(n)} \subset T^{(m+n-1)}. \quad (1)$$

The aim of the present note is to confirm the “only if” direction of the conjecture. Our main result is as follows.

**Theorem 1.3.** *Let  $F$  be a field and let  $m = 2m'$ ,  $n = 2n'$  be arbitrary positive even integers. Then*

$$T^{(m)}T^{(n)} \not\subset T^{(m+n-1)}.$$

Recall that an associative algebra  $A$  is Lie nilpotent of class at most  $c$  if  $[u_1, \dots, u_c, u_{c+1}] = 0$  for all  $u_i \in A$ . We deduce Theorem 1.3 from the following result.

**Theorem 1.4.** *Let  $F$  be a field and let  $m = 2m'$ ,  $n = 2n'$  be arbitrary positive even integers. Then there exists a unital associative algebra  $A$  such that the following two conditions are satisfied:*

*i) for all  $u_1, u_2, \dots, u_{m+n-1} \in A$  we have*

$$[u_1, u_2, \dots, u_{m+n-1}] = 0,$$

*that is, the algebra  $A$  is Lie nilpotent of class at most  $m + n - 2$ ;*

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