

Ideals in deformation quantizations over $\mathbb{Z}/p^n\mathbb{Z}$ 

Akaki Tikaradze

The University of Toledo, Department of Mathematics, Toledo, OH, USA

ARTICLE INFO

Article history:

Received 13 July 2015

Received in revised form 6 April 2016

Available online 5 July 2016

Communicated by S. Donkin

ABSTRACT

Let \mathbf{k} be a perfect field of characteristic $p > 2$. Let A_1 be an Azumaya algebra over a smooth symplectic affine variety over \mathbf{k} . Let A_n be a deformation quantization of A_1 over $W_n(\mathbf{k})$. We prove that all $W_n(\mathbf{k})$ -flat two-sided ideals of A_n are generated by central elements.

© 2016 Elsevier B.V. All rights reserved.

Let \mathbf{k} be a perfect field of characteristic $p > 2$. For $n \geq 1$, let $W_n(\mathbf{k})$ denote the ring of length n Witt vectors over \mathbf{k} . Also, $W(\mathbf{k})$ will denote the ring of Witt vectors over \mathbf{k} . As usual, given an algebra B its center will be denoted by $Z(B)$. Throughout the paper we will fix once and for all an affine smooth symplectic variety X over \mathbf{k} , and an Azumaya algebra A_1 over X (equivalently over \mathcal{O}_X). Thus, we may (and will) identify the center of A_1 with \mathcal{O}_X -the structure ring of X : $Z(A_1) = \mathcal{O}_X$. Let $\{, \}$ denote the corresponding Poisson bracket on \mathcal{O}_X . A deformation quantization of A_1 over $W_n(\mathbf{k})$, $n \geq 1$ is, by definition, a flat associative $W_n(\mathbf{k})$ -algebra A equipped with an isomorphism $A/pA \simeq A_1$ such that for any $a, b \in A$ such that $a \bmod p \in \mathcal{O}_X, b \bmod p \in \mathcal{O}_X$, one has

$$\{a \bmod p, b \bmod p\} = \left(\frac{1}{p}[a, b]\right) \bmod p.$$

One defines similarly a quantization of A_1 over $W(\mathbf{k})$.

Main result of this note is the following

Theorem 1. *Let A be a deformation quantization over $W_n(\mathbf{k})$ of an Azumaya algebra A_1 over X . Let $I \subset A$ be a two-sided ideal which is flat over $W_n(\mathbf{k})$. Then I is generated by central elements: $I = (Z(A) \cap I)A$.*

¹Before proving this result we will need to recall some results of Stewart and Vologodsky [3] on centers of certain algebras over $W_n(\mathbf{k})$.

E-mail address: tikar06@gmail.com.

¹ We showed in [6] that Hochschild cohomology of a quantization A is isomorphic to the de Rham-Witt complex $W_n\Omega_X^*$ of X .

Throughout for an associative flat $W_n(\mathbf{k})$ -algebra R , we will denote its reduction $\text{mod } p^m$ by $R_m = R/p^m R$. Also center of an algebra R_m will be denoted by $Z_m, m \leq n$. Recall that in this setting there is the natural deformation Poisson bracket on Z_1 defined as follows. Given $z, w \in Z_1$, let \tilde{z}, \tilde{w} be lifts in R of z, w respectively. Then put

$$\{z, w\} = \frac{1}{p} [\tilde{z}, \tilde{w}] \text{ mod } p.$$

In this setting, Stewart and Vologodsky [3, formula (1.3)] constructed a ring homomorphism $\phi_m : W_m(Z_1) \rightarrow Z_m$ from the ring of length m Witt vectors over Z_1 to Z_m , defined as follows

$$\phi_m(z_1, \dots, z_m) = \sum_{i=1}^m p^{i-1} \tilde{z}_i p^{m-i}$$

where $\tilde{z}_i \in R$ is a lift of $z_i, 1 \leq i \leq m$. We also have the following natural maps

$$r : Z_m \rightarrow Z_{m-1}, r(x) = x \text{ mod } p^{m-1}, v : Z_{m-1} \rightarrow Z_m, v(x) = p\tilde{x}$$

where \tilde{x} is a lift of x in R_m . On the other hand on the level of Witt vectors of Z_1 , we have the Verschiebung map $V : W_m(Z_1) \rightarrow W_{m+1}(Z_1)$ and the Frobenius map $F : W_m(Z_1) \rightarrow W_{m-1}(Z_1)$. It was checked in [3] that above maps commute

$$\phi_{m-1}F = r\phi_m, \quad \phi_mV = v\phi_{m-1}.$$

We will recall the following crucial computation from [3]. Let $x = \phi_m(z), z = (z_1, \dots, z_m) \in W_m(Z_1)$ and let \tilde{x} be a lift of x in R_{m+1} . Then it was verified in [3] that the following inequality holds in $Der_{\mathbf{k}}(Z_1, Z_1)$

$$\delta_x = \left(\frac{1}{p^m} [\tilde{x}, -]\right) \text{ mod } p|_{Z_1} = \sum_{i=1}^m z_i^{p^{m-i}-1} \{z_i, -\} \tag{2}$$

The main result of [3, Theorem 1] states that if $\text{Spec } Z_1$ is smooth variety and the deformation Poisson bracket on Z_1 is induced from a symplectic form on $\text{Spec } Z_1$, then the map ϕ_m is an isomorphism for all $m \leq n$. In particular,

$$Z_1^{p^m} = Z_{m+1} \text{ mod } p.$$

We will need the following slight generalization of this result. Its proof follows very closely to the one in [3, Theorem 1].

Proposition 3. *Let $n \geq 1$ and $m \subset \mathcal{O}_X$ be an ideal, and let $B = \mathcal{O}_X/m^{p^n} \mathcal{O}_X$. Let R be an associative flat $W_n(\mathbf{k})$ -algebra such that $Z(R/pR) = B$ and the corresponding deformation Poisson bracket on B coincides with the one induces from X . Then*

$$Z(R) = \phi_n(W_n(B)), \quad Z(R) \cap pR = \phi_n(VW_{n-1}(B)).$$

Just as in [3, Lemma 2.7] the following result plays the crucial role.

Lemma 4. *Let $z_1, \dots, z_n \in B$ be such that $\sum_{i=1}^n z_i^{p^{n-i}-1} dz_i = 0$. Then $z_i \in B^p + \bar{m}^{p^i} B$, where $\bar{m} = m/m^{p^n} \mathcal{O}_X$.*

Download English Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/en/article/4595735>

Download Persian Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/article/4595735>

[Daneshyari.com](https://daneshyari.com)