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A new class of oxazolidinone- and phthalimide-based oxidation dye couplers and their effect on azomethine dye color

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1	A New Class of Oxazolidinone- and Phthalimide-Based						
2	Oxidation Dye Couplers and Their Effect on Azomethine Dye						
3	Color						
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10	ABSTRACT						
11	In the study of the effects of auxochromes on azomethine dye color, an oxazolidinone ring in the						
12	acceptor portion of the dye was useful both as a masking group for preparation of the electron-						
13	donating hydroxyethyl group, and as an electron-withdrawing auxochrome. In the case of m -						
14	aminophenol derivatives coupled with p -phenylenediamine, there was a 15 nm bathochromic						
15	shift relative to the parent azomethine of the series (PPD-MAP) ³ , and a 30 nm bathochromic shift						
16	relative to the azomethine formed from PPD and AHT, which contains an electron-donating						
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	² Current Address: University of Cincinnati, 2901 Woodside Drive, Cincinnati OH 45221-0012.						
	³ Non-standard abbreviations: PPD = $1 = p$ -phenylenediamine = benzene-1,4-diamine; MPD =						

m-phenylenediamine = benzene-1,3-diamine; MAP = m-aminophenol; AHT = 3 = 4-amino-2-

 $hydroxytoluene = 5\text{-}amino\text{-}2\text{-}methylphenol.}$

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