Accepted Manuscript

Modeling statistics and kinetics of the natural aggregation structures and processes with the solution of generalized logistic equation

Lev A. Maslov, Vladimir I. Chebotarev

PII:S0378-4371(16)30744-0DOI:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.physa.2016.10.057Reference:PHYSA 17615

To appear in: *Physica A*

Received date: 5 February 2016 Revised date: 25 September 2016



Please cite this article as: L.A. Maslov, V.I. Chebotarev, Modeling statistics and kinetics of the natural aggregation structures and processes with the solution of generalized logistic equation, *Physica A* (2016), http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.physa.2016.10.057

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

Modeling statistics and kinetics of the natural aggregation structures and processes with the solution of generalized logistic equation

Lev A Maslov¹, Vladimir I Chebotarev²

¹University of Northern Colorado, Aims College, Greeley, CO, USA,

lev.maslov@aims.edu

²Computer Center RAS, Khabarovsk, Russia, chebotarev@as.khb.ru

Abstract

The generalized logistic equation is proposed to model kinetics and statistics of natural processes such as earthquakes, forest fires, floods, landslides, and many others. This equation has the form

$$\frac{dN(A)}{dA} = s \cdot (1 - N(A)) \cdot N(A)^q \cdot A^{-\alpha}$$

q>0 and A>0 is the size of an element of a structure, and $\alpha \ge 0$. The equation contains two exponents α and q taking into account two important properties of elements of a system: their fractal geometry, and their ability to interact either to enhance or to damp the process of aggregation. The function N(A) can be understood as an approximation to the number of elements the size of which is less than A. The function dN(A)/dA where N(A) is the general solution of this equation for q=1 is a product of an increasing bounded function and power-law function with stretched exponential cut-off. The relation with Tsallis non-extensive statistics is demonstrated by solving the generalized logistic equation for q>0. In the case 0 < q < 1 the equation models super-additive, and the case q>1 it models sub-additive structures. The Gutenberg-Richter Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/5103475

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/5103475

Daneshyari.com