Accepted Manuscript

Title: Formation of Hydrophobic Drug Nanoparticles via Ambient Solvent Evaporation Facilitated by Branched Diblock Copolymers

Authors: Ulrike Wais, Alexander W. Jackson, Tao He, Haifei Zhang

S0378-5173(17)30933-X
https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ijpharm.2017.09.067
IJP 17048
International Journal of Pharmaceutics
3-7-2017
7-9-2017
26-9-2017

Please cite this article as: Wais, Ulrike, Jackson, Alexander W., He, Tao, Zhang, Haifei, Formation of Hydrophobic Drug Nanoparticles via Ambient Solvent Evaporation Facilitated by Branched Diblock Copolymers.International Journal of Pharmaceutics https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ijpharm.2017.09.067

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.



ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Formation of Hydrophobic Drug Nanoparticles via Ambient Solvent Evaporation Facilitated by Branched Diblock Copolymers

Ulrike Wais^{*a,b,c*}, Alexander W. Jackson^{*b*}, Tao He^{*c*,*}, Haifei Zhang^{*a*,*}

^{*a*}Department of Chemistry, University of Liverpool, Liverpool, L69 7ZD, UK. ^{*b*}Institute of Chemical and Engineering Sciences, 1 Pesek Road, Jurong Island, 627833, Singapore. ^{*c*}School of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Hefei University of Technology, Hefei, China.

^{*}Corresponding Authors

Tao He – email: taohe@hfut.edu.cn, phone: +86 551 62905158. Haifei Zhang – email: zhanghf@liv.ac.uk, phone: +44 151 7943545

Graphical abstract



Abstract

Hydrophobic drug nanoparticles have been prepared by ambient solvent evaporation from ethanol at room temperature. Poly(ethylene glycol)-b-(*N*-isopropylacrylamide) (PEG-*b*-PNIPAm) branched diblock copolymers are employed to prevent drug crystallization during solvent evaporation and to stabilize the drug nanoparticles once suspended in aqueous media. After the initial solvent evaporation the dry materials obtained exhibit excellent stability during storage and can be readily dissolved in water to produce aqueous drug nanoparticles suspensions. Among the hydrophobic compounds investigated, Ketoprofen nanoparticles ($D_h \approx 200$ nm, stable up to 9 months in solution)

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/5549945

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/5549945

Daneshyari.com