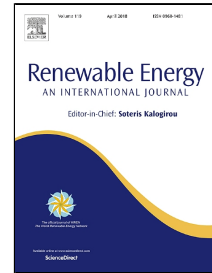


# Accepted Manuscript

Performance of an unglazed transpire collector in the facade of a building for heating and cooling in combination with a desiccant evaporative cooler

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1 Performance of an unglazed transpire collector in the facade of a building for heating and  
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9 Abstract

10 Refurbishment of energy inefficient buildings is an effective way of reducing energy  
11 consumption in urban areas. This can be done by taking advantage of the renewable  
12 energy sources available, mainly, solar energy. Desiccant evaporative cooling combined  
13 with unglazed transpired collectors, UTC's, allows covering the heating demand in the  
14 cold season and cooling demand in the hot season. UTC's can be installed on the facades  
15 of buildings, meeting a double goal: refurbishing the building exterior and providing  
16 heating and cooling to indoor spaces. In this paper, a model of this system was  
17 implemented using TRNSYS and the energy savings obtained were evaluated in different  
18 climatic conditions, different façade orientations and different building shapes. The  
19 objective was to find the best conditions to install this system and estimating the energy  
20 savings that can be reached, and its costs. The results showed that the reduction of  
21 heating demand was possible in all climatic conditions, weakly depending on the shape  
22 and orientation of the UTC façade installed. Cooling was also possible, but it depended  
23 more on the shape of the building. The higher energy savings were found for the linear  
24 shape buildings. Therefore, refurbishment using a UTC façade could be an interesting  
25 alternative for energy saving throughout the year in these cases.

26 Keywords: Desiccant evaporative cooling, unglazed solar collector, ventilated façade, building  
27 energy saving, solar façade.

28

29 Nomenclature

30  $A_c$  collector area ( $m^2$ )

31  $C_A$  cost of the UTC façade per unit area ( $€ m^{-2}$ )

32  $C_E$  initial cost of the UTC installation apart from cost per unit area ( $€$ )

33  $C_F$  fuel cost ( $€ kWh^{-1}$ )

34  $c_p$  specific heat ( $J kg^{-1} K^{-1}$ )

35  $E_{del}$  heating or cooling energy delivered (kWh)

36  $E_{elec}$  electrical energy used (kWh)

37  $F$  fraction of heating or cooling load covered by solar energy

38  $F_{cg}$  collector to ground view factor

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