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Vinasse concentration and juice evaporation system integrated to the conventional ethanol production process from sugarcane – Heat integration and impacts in cogeneration system

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10 Abstract:

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In the ethanol production process one of the most polluting residues is the vinasse, which is the bottom 11 product of distillation column. Vinasse is produced in the range of 10 to 15 litres per litre of ethanol, and is 12 currently used to irrigate sugarcane fields because of the presence of macronutrients (N, P, K) in its 13 composition. However, because of the large amount produced, its disposition in sugarcane fields involves 14 high transport costs and does not allow an adequate application, thus causing damage to soil and 15 groundwater due to its high content of organic components. In this context, vinasse concentration with 16 17 multiple-effect evaporator systems not only allows to reduce significantly its volume through the increase of its initial solids concentration, that is generally between 2 - 5%, which reduces the costs of disposal; but also 18 allows to consider alternative ways of energetic usages, for instance, its incineration or anaerobic 19 biodigestion. Thus, the aim of this study is to accomplish an energy evaluation of the heat integration of a 20 21 juice evaporation system and a vinasse concentration system in the conventional ethanol production process 22 by analysing three different configurations of multiple-effect evaporator systems. The energy and mass 23 balances were solved using the EES® software while heat integration, using the Pinch Method, was applied in order to minimize the utility consumption. A simulation of the cogeneration system was also performed in 24 order to evaluate bagasse and electricity surplus. Two configurations for the cogeneration system were 25 studied: i) using back-pressure steam turbines and ii) using condensing-extracting steam turbines. 26 Additionally, an economic assessment was performed in order to estimate the capital and operating costs, 27

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