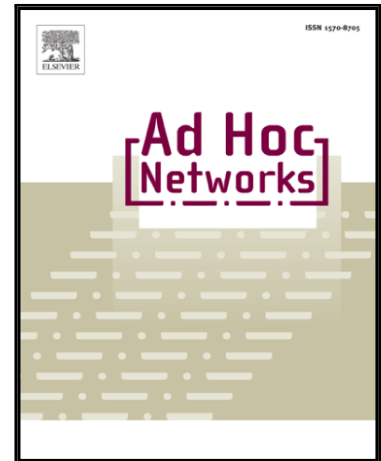


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# Clustering Routing Based on Mixed Integer Programming for Heterogeneous Wireless Sensor Networks

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**Abstract:** Heterogeneous wireless sensor network has the advantages of completing complex communication tasks and is widely applied to military, medical, environmental, industrial and commercial, family life and so on. But heterogeneous nodes are expensive, it is necessary to consider how to balance the energy consumption and prolong network lifetime by deploying minimum number of heterogeneous nodes. In this paper, a clustering routing algorithm for heterogeneous wireless sensor network (CHRA) is presented to balance energy and prolong the network lifetime. The proposed routing algorithm computes the optimal number of heterogeneous nodes and selects the cluster heads per round. In CHRA, all common nodes are divided into two kinds. The first kind includes the nodes which transmit data to Sink by heterogeneous node and the others belong to the second kind. Furthermore, the common nodes are clustered per round by LEACH-C. The performance analysis and numerical results show that the proposed routing algorithm can availablely prolong network lifetime and stable period. And it also can balance the energy consumption significantly.

**Keyword:** Wireless sensor network; Heterogeneous nodes; Mixed integer programming; Cluster heads

## 1 Introduction

A wireless sensor network, which consists of differently typical and functional sensor nodes, is called heterogeneous wireless sensor network. A rational use of heterogeneous nodes can improve applying ability and prolong the lifetime in wireless sensor network. The heterogeneous wireless sensor network is widely applied to military, medical, environmental, industrial and commercial, family life and so on. In heterogeneous wireless sensor network, the heterogeneous node can complete complex communication tasks, because it has sustainable energy resource and doesn't require frequent replacement. Furthermore, the communications and data processing capacity of heterogeneous nodes are far higher than those of the common nodes. But heterogeneous nodes are expensive, it is necessary to consider how to balance the energy consumption and prolong network lifetime by deploying minimum number of heterogeneous nodes. In this paper, a clustering routing algorithm for heterogeneous wireless sensor network (CHRA) is presented to balance energy and prolong the network lifetime.

The main contributions of this paper are shown as follows:

- The model of optimal placement of heterogeneous nodes is built. The problem of minimizing function of total effective transmission distance is converted into the optimal problem of heterogeneous nodes position selection by mix integer programming. A decomposition method, which consists of Lagrange relaxation and Benders decomposition, is used to solve the problem of mix integer programming.
- The model of optimal number of heterogeneous nodes and cluster heads is built respectively. The method to obtain optimal solution of number of heterogeneous nodes and number of cluster heads is presented respectively.

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