Accepted Manuscript

Title: A Miniaturized Electromagnetic Vibration Energy Harvester using Flux-guided Magnet Stacks for Human-body-induced Motion



Author: Miah A. Halim Hyunok Cho Md. Salauddin Jae Y. Park

PII:	S0924-4247(16)30383-1
DOI:	http://dx.doi.org/doi:10.1016/j.sna.2016.08.008
Reference:	SNA 9786
To appear in:	Sensors and Actuators A
Received date:	13-5-2016
Revised date:	2-8-2016
Accepted date:	15-8-2016

Please cite this article as: Miah A.Halim, Hyunok Cho, Md.Salauddin, Jae Y.Park, A Miniaturized Electromagnetic Vibration Energy Harvester using Flux-guided Magnet Stacks for Human-body-induced Motion, Sensors and Actuators: A Physical http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.sna.2016.08.008

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

A Miniaturized Electromagnetic Vibration Energy Harvester using Flux-guided Magnet Stacks for Humanbody-induced Motion

Miah A. Halim¹, Hyunok Cho, Md. Salauddin, and Jae Y. Park*

Department of Electronic Engineering, Kwangwoon University, Seoul 139-701, Korea

* Corresponding author. Tel.: +82-2-940-5113; Fax: +82-2-942-1502.

E-mail address: jaepark@kw.ac.kr (J. Y. Park)

¹ He is currently with the Department of Mechanical Engineering, University of Utah, UT 84112, USA

Highlights:

- A human-motion driven miniaturized EM energy harvester using flux-guided magnet stacks.
- Flux-guided magnet stack increases the power density more than three times.
- Capable of driving wearable electronics through efficient power conditioning circuitry.

Abstract

We present a miniaturized electromagnetic energy harvester (EMEH) that uses two flux-guided magnet stacks to harvest energy from common human-body-induced motions such as hand-shaking, walking, and slow running. We designed each magnet stack to increase the flux density within a given size of the harvester component, by guiding the flux lines through soft magnetic material and designed the miniaturized EMEH to up-convert the low-frequency vibration generated by human-body-induced motion to a high-frequency vibration by mechanical impact of a spring-less structure. Our use of a spring-less structure eliminates the challenges of designing a practical and reliable low-frequency (<5 Hz) oscillator. Our low-frequency oscillator couples the human-body-induced vibration to two high-frequency oscillators (electromagnetic transducer elements). Each high-frequency oscillator consists of the analyzed 2-magnet stack and customized helical compression spring. We fabricated a standard AAA battery sized prototype (3.9 cm³) and tested it with different human activities. We were able to generate a maximum 203 μ W, 32 μ W, and 78 μ W average power from hand-shaking, walking, and slow running motion, respectively. This miniaturized structure

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/7134328

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/7134328

Daneshyari.com