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A complete reassessment of standard residual stress uncertainty analyses using neutron diffraction emphasizing the influence of grain size.

Robert Charles Wimpory¹, René V. Martins², Michael Hofmann³, Joana Rebelo Kornmeier³, Shanmukha Moturu⁴ and Carsten Ohms⁵

¹ Helmholtz Zentrum Berlin für Materialien und Energie, Hahn-Meitner-Platz 1, 14109 Berlin, Germany

²European Commission, Directorate-General for Research & Innovation, 1049 Brussels, Belgium*

³Heinz Maier-Leibnitz Zentrum (MLZ), Technische Universität München, Lichtenbergstr. 1, 85748 Garching, Germany

⁴Advanced Forming Research Centre (AFRC), University of Strathclyde, 85 Inchinnan Drive, Inchinnan, Renfrew PA4 9LJ, United Kingdom

⁵Joint Research Centre, Directorate G – Nuclear Safety and Security, Westerduinweg 3, 1755 LE Petten, The Netherlands

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Email addresses:

robert.wimpory@helmholtz-berlin.de, <u>Rene.MARTINS@ec.europa.eu</u>, <u>Michael.Hofmann@frm2.tum.de</u>, <u>joana.kornmeier@frm2.tum.de</u>, <u>Shanmukha.Moturu@strath.ac.uk</u>, <u>Carsten.OHMS@ec.europa.eu</u>

Keywords

Fitting uncertainty, grain size effect, grain size statistics, slits, spiral slit, oscillating radial collimator, residual strain, residual stress, uncertainty estimation, neutron diffraction, high-energy synchrotron radiation, strain scanning, welding, austenitic steel.

Synopsis

The peak fitting uncertainty is often not enough to describe completely the true random uncertainty of a neutron strain measurement and resultant stress determinations. Detecting not enough diffracting grains also contributes to the random uncertainty. A simple model to estimate the extra random uncertainty contribution due to the so-called grain size statistics is applied and verified.

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