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Stimulus-response mesoporous silica nanoparticle-based chemiluminescence biosensor for cocaine determination

Zhonghui Chen, Yue Tan, Kefeng Xu, Lan Zhang*, Bin Qiu, Longhua Guo, Zhenyu Lin^{*}, Guonan Chen

State Key Laboratory of Photocatalysis on Energy and Environment, Ministry of Education Key Laboratory of Analysis and Detection for Food Safety, Fujian Provincial Key Laboratory of Analysis and Detection for Food Safety, Fuzhou University, Fuzhou, Fujian, 350116, China

Abstract

Mesoporous silica nanoparticles (MSN) based controlled release system had been coupled with diverse detection technologies to establish biosensors for different targets. Chemiluminescence (CL) system of luminol/H₂O₂ owns the characters of simplicity, low cost and high sensitivity, but the targets of which are mostly focused on some oxidants or which can participate in a chemical reaction that yields a product with a role in the CL reaction. In this study, chemiluminescent detection technique had been coupled with mesoporous silica-based controlled released system for the first time to develop a sensitive biosensor for the target which does not cause effect to the CL system itself. Cocaine had been chosen a model target, the MSN support was firstly loaded with glucose, then the positively charged MSN interacted with negatively charged oligonucleotides (the aptamer cocaine) to close the mesopores of

^{*} Corresponding author, Tel. & Fax.: +86 591 22866135

E-mail:zlan@fzu.edu.cn(L, Zhang), zylin@fzu.edu.cn(Lin, Z)

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