

## Accepted Manuscript

Can trajectories of glycaemic control be predicted by depression, anxiety, or diabetes-related distress in a prospective cohort of adults with newly diagnosed type 1 diabetes? Results of a five-year follow-up from the German Multicenter Diabetes Cohort Study (GMDC-Study)

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PII: S0168-8227(18)30150-5  
DOI: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.diabres.2018.04.017>  
Reference: DIAB 7332

To appear in: *Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice*

Received Date: 30 January 2018  
Accepted Date: 6 April 2018

Please cite this article as: H. Kampling, O. Mittag, S. Herpertz, H. Baumeister, B. Kulzer, F. Petrak, Can trajectories of glycaemic control be predicted by depression, anxiety, or diabetes-related distress in a prospective cohort of adults with newly diagnosed type 1 diabetes? Results of a five-year follow-up from the German Multicenter Diabetes Cohort Study (GMDC-Study), *Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice* (2018), doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.diabres.2018.04.017>

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