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## ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

## **Exploring the Thermal Degradation Mechanisms of Some Polybenzoxazines Under Ballistic Heating Conditions in Helium and Air**

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**ABSTRACT:** The degradation behaviour of five polybenzoxazines (PBZs) is studied using pyrolysis-GC/MS. Upon heating to 800 °C in helium the PBZs generate a variety of similar pyrolysis products including aniline (the major product in all cases), substituted phenols, acridine, and 9-vinylcarbazole. During the initial stages of heating (200 to 300 °C) aniline is the dominant pyrolysis product; from 350 °C onwards substituted phenols are released, particularly 2-methylphenol and 2,6-dimethyl phenol. The same major species are produced on heating in air, but in addition isocyanatobenzene is observed which results from the oxidation of Mannich bridges, along with a number of sulphurous species from the monomer containing a thioether bridge. This suggests that sulphur is more likely to be retained in the

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