Accepted Manuscript

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Karol Rawicz-Pruszyński, Johanna Wilhelmina van Sandick, Jerzy Mielko, Bogumiła Ciseł, Wojciech P. Polkowski

PII: S0960-7404(18)30136-1

DOI: 10.1016/j.suronc.2018.08.004

Reference: SO 1130

To appear in: Surgical Oncology

Received Date: 08 April 2018

Accepted Date: 16 August 2018

Please cite this article as: Karol Rawicz-Pruszyński, Johanna Wilhelmina van Sandick, Jerzy Mielko, Bogumiła Ciseł, Wojciech P. Polkowski, Current challenges in gastric cancer surgery: European perspective., *Surgical Oncology* (2018), doi: 10.1016/j.suronc.2018.08.004

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ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Current challenges in gastric cancer surgery: European

perspective.

Karol Rawicz-Pruszyński¹, Johanna Wilhelmina van Sandick², Jerzy Mielko¹, Bogumiła Ciseł¹, Wojciech

P Polkowski¹.

¹Department of Surgical Oncology, Medical University of Lublin, Staszica 11 St., 20-081 Lublin, Poland

techniques towards a more individualized GC treatment approach.

²Department of Surgical Oncology, The Netherlands Cancer Institute - Antoni van Leeuwenhoek Hospital, Postbus 90203

1006 BE Amsterdam, The Netherlands

Current challenges in gastric cancer surgery

Abstract:

Gastric cancer (GC) remains one of the most common causes of cancer death worldwide with expected 5-year survival rates around 25% in Western countries. In order to improve treatment strategy, a most effective staging process should be completed. A novel TNM staging for GC has been proposed recently, along with a separate staging system for GC patients who underwent preoperative therapy (ypStage). Availability of high-quality imaging and access to diagnostic laparoscopy with lavage cytology should be applied while planning the multimodal therapy. In the European setting, GC treatment is based on a combination of surgery and perioperative chemotherapy. However, in selected groups of patients with high risk of locoregional recurrence, adjuvant chemoradiotherapy should be considered. New epidemiological trends of GC in the Western countries include an upward shift in the location of the primary tumour and a relative increase of advanced and diffuse type tumours. These trends dictate modification of surgical

Key words: gastric cancer, oesophago-gastric junction, surgery, oligometastatic disease, multimodality treatment

Correspondence to:

Wojciech P. Polkowski, Department of Surgical Oncology, Medical University of Lublin, Staszica 11 St., 20-081 Lublin, Poland.

mail: wojciech.polkowski@uml.edu.pl

Tel.: +48-815344313 Fax: +48-815322395

Authors e-mail addresses: krpruszynski@gmail.com, j.v.sandick@nki.nl, jerzy.mielko@umlub.pl, bocisel@yahoo.com

Declarations of interest: none

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