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ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Improved Corrosion Resistance and Biocompatibility of Biodegradable Magnesium Alloy by Coating Graphite carbon nitride (g-C₃N₄)

*Guoqiang Yang^a, Taijun Chen^a, Bo Feng^a, Jie Weng^a, Ke Duan^a, Jianxin Wang^{a, *} and Xiaobo Lu^{b, *}*

^aKey Laboratory of Advanced Technologies of Materials, Ministry of Education,

School of Materials Science and Engineering, Southwest Jiaotong University,

Chengdu 610031, P.R. China

^b Department of Bone and Joint Surgery, Affiliated Hospital of Southwest Medical

University, Luzhou, Sichuan, 646000

Abstract

In this study, one-step chemical vapor deposition method (OS-CVD) using urea as a precursor was used to deposit carbon nitride (g-C₃N₄) film on the magnesium alloy. The material composition and characteristic functional groups of the as-prepared films were characterized by using X-ray diffraction (XRD), Fourier transform infrared spectroscopy (FTIR), energy dispersive spectroscopy (EDS) and X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (XPS). The surface morphology of the carbon nitride film on the magnesium alloy was observed by using a scanning electron microscope (SEM) and an atomic force microscope (AFM). The corrosion resistance of magnesium alloy was investigated via an electrochemical method and an immersion test. The biocompatibility and hemolysis rate of graphitic carbon nitride films were studied via *in vitro* cellular experiments and *in vivo* animal experiments. The results indicated that the corrosion resistance and biocompatibility of AZ31B Mg alloy was significantly improved by g-C₃N₄ coating.

^{*}**Correspondence to:** J. Wang; E-mail: <u>jwang@swjtu.edu.cn or X. Lu; E-mail:</u> <u>lux90366@126.com.</u>

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