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PII: S0254-0584(18)30732-6

DOI: 10.1016/j.matchemphys.2018.08.066

Reference: MAC 20909

To appear in: Materials Chemistry and Physics

Received Date: 01 May 2018

Accepted Date: 22 August 2018

Please cite this article as: Lei Zhu, Jinshan Li, Bin Tang, Yifei Peng, Hongchao Kou, Xiangyi Xue, Flow characteristics and deformation mechanisms for TiAl/Ti₂AlNb diffusion bonded joint, *Materials Chemistry and Physics* (2018), doi: 10.1016/j.matchemphys.2018.08.066

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Flow characteristics and deformation mechanisms for TiAl/Ti₂AlNb diffusion

bonded joint

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Abstract

The hot deformation behavior and deformation mechanism of TiAl/Ti₂AlNb diffusion bonded(DB)

joint in the temperature range of 900°C~1000°C and strain rate range of 0.001 s⁻¹~0.1s⁻¹ were

investigated by isothermal compression tests. The deformation may be related to the coordination

deformation of the two alloys, with the deformation of Ti₂AlNb section coming firstly, followed by

TiAl due to the existence of the DB interface. The flow behavior of DB joint can be expressed by the

hyperbolic sine constitutive equation, and the calculated deformation activation energy Q is

343.5KJ/mol. The Q value almost equal to lattice diffusion coefficient(265~331KJ/mol) in O+B2

Ti₂AlNb alloy, which suggests the deformation mechanism could be controlled by lattice diffusion.

Microstructure observation shows that, When deformed at 900°C-0.1s⁻¹, the deformation mechanism is

grain boundary sliding accommodated by O-DRX in Ti₂AlNb, γ-DRX in TiAl, deformation twin and

 $\beta \rightarrow \alpha_2$ phase transformation. While the deformation mechanism is dislocation slip accommodated by

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