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1 A Case Report

2 Myocardial Fibrosis and Ventricular Tachyarrhythmia in a Thoroughbred Filly

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6 Keywords: Tachycardia, Myocarditis, Foal, Cardiopulmonary arrest, Troponin

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8 Abstract

9 A 16-month old Thoroughbred filly was evaluated for lethargy, tachycardia, tachypnea and signs 10 suggestive of colic. Rapid ventricular tachycardia with a heart rate of 210 beats/min was identified on initial physical examination. Multiple doses of lidocaine transiently restored sinus rhythm. 11 Echocardiography revealed several foci of variably increased echogenicity within the left ventricular 12 myocardium, including an area of marked transmural hyperechogenicity and endocardial depression 13 14 suspected to be chronic scar tissue of the left ventricular free wall. Serum cardiac troponin I (cTnl) concentration was markedly elevated. Because of the recurrent ventricular tachyarrhythmia and 15 16 echocardiographic findings, the filly was euthanized. Post-mortem examination demonstrated 17 multifocal, acute myocardial necrosis and an area of chronic myocardial fibrosis in the left ventricular 18 free wall. The exact cause of the myocardial lesions remains undetermined; however, the chronic 19 fibrosis is suspected to have resulted from myocardial injury or infarction associated with 20 cardiopulmonary cerebral resuscitation (CPCR) when the filly was 5 days old.

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