Accepted Manuscript

Title: Effect of Surface Potential and Charge Transfer Mechanism in Reduced Graphene Oxide and Magnetic Nanocomposites

Authors: Amodini Mishra, Tanuja Mohanty



PII:	S0025-5408(18)31800-2
DOI:	https://doi.org/10.1016/j.materresbull.2018.09.001
Reference:	MRB 10168
To appear in:	MRB
Received date:	8-6-2018
Revised date:	30-8-2018
Accepted date:	2-9-2018

Please cite this article as: Mishra A, Mohanty T, Effect of Surface Potential and Charge Transfer Mechanism in Reduced Graphene Oxide and Magnetic Nanocomposites, *Materials Research Bulletin* (2018), https://doi.org/10.1016/j.materresbull.2018.09.001

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Effect of Surface Potential and Charge Transfer Mechanism in Reduced Graphene Oxide and Magnetic Nanocomposites

Amodini Mishra^{1*} and Tanuja Mohanty¹

¹School of Physical Sciences, Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi-110067, India

Address for correspondence: Amodini Mishra School of Physical Sciences Jawaharlal Nehru University New Delhi-110 067, India Tel: 91-11-26738802 Fax: 91-11-26741837 E-mail: amodiniphysics@gmail.com; amodin14_sps@jnu.ac.in

Graphical abstract

In this paper, the charge transfer mechanism in hydrothermally synthesized cobalt oxide/reduced graphene oxide (Co_3O_4/RGO) nanocomposites has been established. Scanning and transmission electron microscopy results expose the decoration of Co_3O_4 nanoparticles on GO sheets. Magnetic response of nanocomposites was confirmed from superconducting quantum interference device magnetometer measurement. Raman spectroscopy investigated optical properties of these nanocomposites. The Raman spectra of Co_3O_4/RGO nanocomposites shows the enhancement of D and G bands which are associated with GO due to the Surface-enhanced Raman spectroscopy effect and blue shift. Increase in the full-width half-maximum value as well as upshift in D and G peaks are strong signals of association of charge transfer process is measured in the expression of shifting of Fermi energy level of Co_3O_4/RGO nanocomposites. Charge transfer is correlated with observed Raman shift and scanning Kelvin probe microscopy. XRD spectra of Co_3O_4/RGO confirm the polycrystalline nature of Co_3O_4 nanoparticles.

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/10141827

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/10141827

Daneshyari.com