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Liquid-liquid extraction of calcium using ionic liquids in spiral microfluidics

Shirin Marsousi^a, Javad Karimi-Sabet^{b,*}, Mohammad Ali Moosavian^a, Younes Amini^c

^a School of Chemical Engineering, Faculty of Engineering, University of Tehran, Tehran, Iran
^b NFCRS, Nuclear Science and Technology Research Institute, Tehran, Iran.
^c Department of Chemical Engineering, Isfahan University of Technology, Isfahan, Iran

Abstract

Using microfluidic systems in liquid-liquid extraction process has distinctive advantageous, including lower consumption and high extraction efficiency. In this research, the separation of calcium metal ions from the aqueous phase is investigated by use of 1-Ethyl-3-methylimidazolium bis(trifluoromethylsulfonyl)imide (EMIM NTf₂) and 1-Butyl-3-methylimidazolium bis(trifluoromethylsulfonyl)imide (BMIM NTf₂) to enhance the performance of the liquid-liquid extraction. The main idea is to evaluate the geometrical effect of microchannel in the extraction efficiency. For this purpose, the spiral microchannel was constructed to induce the centrifugal force. Comprehensive parametric studies are done to reveal the effect of the main parameters on the extraction efficiency is investigated. The results showed that the shorter length of the chain has the higher extraction efficiency. Then, the physical parameters such as calcium concentration, a crown ether concentration and the pH are optimized in the traditional extraction. The results of experiments show that the maximum extraction efficiency of 50% is achieved when the

^(*) Corresponding author: <u>j_karimi@alum.sharif.edu</u>

P. O. Box: 14395-983 Phone: +98 21 88221117 Fax: +98 21 88221116

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