Accepted Manuscript

PVD synthesis of binder-free silicon and carbon coated 3D α -Fe₂O₃ nanorods hybrid films as high-capacity and long-life anode for flexible lithium-ion batteries

Mingyue Wang, Ying Huang, Ke Wang, Yade Zhu, Na Zhang, Hongming Zhang, Suping Li, Zhenhe Feng

PII: S0360-5442(18)31806-1

DOI: 10.1016/j.energy.2018.09.046

Reference: EGY 13740

To appear in: *Energy*

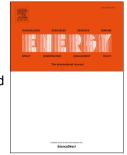
Received Date: 5 March 2018

Revised Date: 5 July 2018

Accepted Date: 6 September 2018

Please cite this article as: Wang M, Huang Y, Wang K, Zhu Y, Zhang N, Zhang H, Li S, Feng Z, PVD synthesis of binder-free silicon and carbon coated 3D α -Fe₂O₃ nanorods hybrid films as high-capacity and long-life anode for flexible lithium-ion batteries, *Energy* (2018), doi: 10.1016/j.energy.2018.09.046.

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.



PVD Synthesis of Binder-free Silicon and Carbon Coated 3D α-Fe₂O₃ Nanorods Hybrid Films as High-Capacity and Long-Life Anode for Flexible Lithium-ion Batteries

Mingyue Wang^(a), Ying Huang*1^(a), Ke Wang^(a), Yade Zhu^(a), Na Zhang^(a), Hongming

Zhang^(a), Suping Li^(a), Zhenhe Feng^(b)

(a) MOE Key Laboratory of Material Physics and Chemistry under Extrodinary Conditions,

Ministry of Education, School of Science, Northwestern Polytechnical University, Xi'an 710072,

PR China; (b) Shanghai Institute of Space Power-Sources, Shanghai, 200245

Abstract

Flexible lithium-ion batteries are being given great attention as up-and-coming power source for the development of flexible and wearable electronic devices. In this work, a carbon and silicon coated 3D α -Fe₂O₃ nanorod arrays on carbon cloth composite was firstly designed by facile hydrothermal method and physical vapor deposition process. The as-prepared composite can be directly applied as flexible anode for Li-ion batteries without adding any binder and conducting materials. The electrochemical results show that the composite exhibits outstanding electrochemical lithium storage properties with high initial Coulombic Efficiency of 76% at 100mA·g⁻¹ current density and a superior cycling performance that could maintain about 910mAh·g⁻¹ after 500 cycles at a 500mA·g⁻¹ current density, which is two to three times of commercial graphite anodes. This study offers a promising route to greatly enhance the electrochemical properties of metal oxides and provides

^{1*} Corresponding author. Tel.: +86 29 88431636

E-mail address: yingh@nwpu.edu.cn; wangmingyue311@163.com;

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/10147850

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/10147850

Daneshyari.com