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## Potential Economic Gains and Emissions Reduction on Carbon Emissions Trading for China's Large-scale Thermal Power Plants

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Abstract: Carbon emissions trading is one of the important economic means to solve the environmental externality. Based on the data of  $CO_2$  emissions from the thermal power plants over the period from 2005 to 2010 in China, this paper uses no-parametric optimization models to estimate the potential economic gains and potential carbon emissions reduction under three allocation strategies of carbon emissions trading allowance. Results show that the maximum potential gains can be obtained by the spatial allocation scenario for the combination of  $CO_2$ -SO<sub>2</sub> emissions trading, and the output growth ratio among power plants varies huge. The establishment of jointed  $CO_2$ -SO<sub>2</sub> emissions trading is usually highly beneficial to achieve the three targets, including the optimal allocation of resources, the increase of potential gains and the reduction of pollutant emissions.

**Key words:** Carbon Emissions Trading; Data Envelopment Analysis; Potential Gains; Emission Reduction

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