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Electrodepositing manganese oxide into a graphene hydrogel to fabricate an asymmetric

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Abstract

Asymmetric supercapacitors possess advantages of elevated capacitance, extended output voltage,

and then improved power-energy characteristic. Here we report on a composite electrode prepared by

electrodepositing manganese oxide into a graphene hydrogel and its capacitive performance in an

asymmetric supercapacitor. The manganese oxide/graphene hydrogel exhibits a specific capacitance of

352.9 F g⁻¹ at 1 A g⁻¹. The aqueous asymmetric supercapacitor composed of an active carbon as a

negative electrode and the manganese oxide/graphene hydrogel as a positive electrode possesses good

cycle stability (91.5% of capacitance retention after 5000 cycles) and is able to deliver an energy

density of 41.8 Wh kg⁻¹ at a power density of 0.2 kW kg⁻¹. Its possibility to serve as a power supply for

a practical application was verified by lighting up a blue light-emitting diode. These results

demonstrate the electrodeposition process has promising prospect in the preparation of

high-performance composite electrodes for advanced electrochemical energy storage devices.

Key words: Graphene hydrogel; Manganese oxide; Electrodeposition; Asymmetric supercapacitor

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