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Conjugated Conducting Polymers (PANI) Decorated Bi₁₂O₁₇Cl₂ Photocatalyst with Extended Light Response range and enhanced photoactivity

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ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Conjugated Conducting Polymers (PANI) Decorated Bi₁₂O₁₇Cl₂

Photocatalyst with Extended Light Response range and

enhanced photoactivity

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Abstract: In this work, PANI/Bi₁₂O₁₇Cl₂ composites have been successfully synthesized via a simple and green strategy at room temperature. From TEM, EDS-mapping and DRS results, it can be seen that conducting polymers PANI loaded well on the Bi₁₂O₁₇Cl₂, and extended the light-absorption region of the composite to higher wavelength. The photocatalytic activity was evaluated by removal of CIP under visible light ($\lambda > 420$ nm). The degradation rate of the optimal ratio composite is about 2 times to that of Bi₁₂O₁₇Cl₂. The photodegradation intermediates of CIP were identified by mass spectrometry and the toxicity of the CIP photodegraded products was investigated via a microbiological antibacterial reaction. The results indicated the low-toxicity of the degraded products. Photocurrent results showed that the high separation and transfer of the photogenerated charge carriers were implemented by the introduction of PANI into the surface of Bi₁₂O₁₇Cl₂ material. Furthermore, long wavelength light ($\lambda > 550$ nm) degradation of CIP indicated that the PANI played as photosentizer could extend the light absorption region and thus enhance the photocatalytic ability. The reaction rate constant of optimal ratio PANI/Bi₁₂O₁₇Cl₂ composite was 3.1 times to Bi₁₂O₁₇Cl₂. Eventually, a possible photocatalysis mechanism was proposed.

Key Words: PANI; Bi₁₂O₁₇Cl₂; photocatalytic; toxicity; CIP;

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