## **Accepted Manuscript**

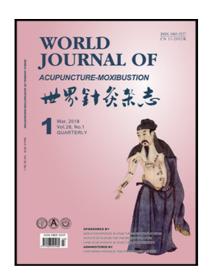
Needle-embedding therapy combined with basic treatment for stable angina pectoris

DENG Jie , FEI Lan-bo , ZHOU Jian-hua , WU Song , HUANG Wei , CHEN Xia

PII: \$1003-5257(18)30077-1 DOI: 10.1016/j.wjam.2018.05.004

Reference: WJAM 22

To appear in: World Journal of Acupuncture – Moxibustion



Please cite this article as: DENG Jie , FEI Lan-bo , ZHOU Jian-hua , WU Song , HUANG Wei , CHEN Xia , Needle-embedding therapy combined with basic treatment for stable angina pectoris, *World Journal of Acupuncture – Moxibustion* (2018), doi: 10.1016/j.wjam.2018.05.004

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

#### ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

#### Clinical research

Needle-embedding therapy combined with basic treatment for stable angina pectoris\*

1 The First Clinical College, Hubei University of Chinese Medicine/ The Co-innovation Center for Preventive Treatment of Disease of Acupuncture-moxibustion in Hubei Province, Wuhan 430061, Hubei Province, China; (1 湖北中医药大学第一临床学院/针灸治未病湖北省协同创新中心,湖北武汉 430061,中国)

2.Acupuncture-moxibustion Department of Hubei Provincial Hospital of TCM (2 湖北省中医院针灸科)

#### **ARTICLE INFO**

\*Supported by Youth Fund of National Natural Science Foundation of China: 81704142; Special funds of basic scientific research expenses of central public welfare research institutes: YZ-1612; Nature Science Foundation of Hubei Province: 2016CFB215.

Corresponding author

E-mail address:13986083982@qq.com(H.WEI)

#### **ABSTRACT**

Objective

To clarify the clinical efficacy of needle-embedding therapy for stable angina pectoris.

Methods

Seventy-six patients with stable angina pectoris were divided into needle-embedding therapy group (group A) and basic treatment group (group B) according to the random number table, with 38 patients in each group. Needle-embedding therapy combined with basic treatment was adopted in group A, and needle-embedding was given once every other day, the needles were retained for 24 hours each time and three times of treatment were given each week. basic treatment was applied solely in group B. Four weeks of treatment which means one course were given in two groups, efficacy observation and evaluation were carried out after 1 course of treatment.

#### Results

After treatment, the total effective rate of clinical efficacy was 89.47% in group A

### Download English Version:

# https://daneshyari.com/en/article/10215807

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/10215807

<u>Daneshyari.com</u>