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Sugar consumption and attention-deficit/hyperactivity disorder (ADHD): a birth cohort study

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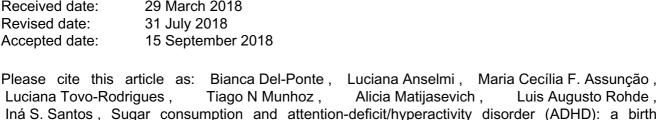
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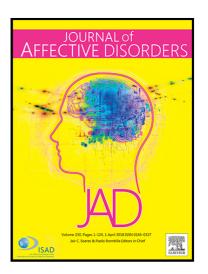
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Highlights

- The sucrose consumption was associated with the prevalence of ADHD only among boys at 6 years of age.
- That persistence of high consumption or an increase in sugar consumption between 6 and 11 years of age was not associated with higher incidence of ADHD between 6 and 11 years of age.
- The higher sugar consumption by children with ADHD is possibly a consequence rather than a determinant of the disorder.



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