## Accepted Manuscript

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L.F. Bobadilla, A. Muñoz-Murillo, O.H. Laguna, M.A. Centeno, J.A. Odriozola

PII: DOI: Reference:	S1385-8947(18)31878-3 https://doi.org/10.1016/j.cej.2018.09.166 CEJ 20005
To appear in:	Chemical Engineering Journal
Received Date: Revised Date: Accepted Date:	<ul><li>21 April 2018</li><li>11 September 2018</li><li>21 September 2018</li></ul>



Please cite this article as: L.F. Bobadilla, A. Muñoz-Murillo, O.H. Laguna, M.A. Centeno, J.A. Odriozola, Does shaping catalysts modify active phase sites? A comprehensive *in situ* FTIR spectroscopic study on the performance of a model Ru/Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> catalyst for the CO methanation, *Chemical Engineering Journal* (2018), doi: https://doi.org/ 10.1016/j.cej.2018.09.166

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## ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

## Does shaping catalysts modify active phase sites? A comprehensive *in situ* FTIR spectroscopic study on the performance of a model Ru/Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> catalyst for the CO methanation

L.F. Bobadilla\*, A. Muñoz-Murillo, O.H. Laguna, M.A. Centeno and J.A. Odriozola

Instituto de Ciencia de Materiales de Sevila, Centro Mixto CSIC-Universidad de Sevilla, Av. Américo Vespucio 49, 41092 Sevilla (Spain)

(\*) Corresponding author: <u>bobadilla@icmse.csic.es</u> (Luis F. Bobadilla)

## Abstract

Routinely, it seems assumed that the catalytic layer coated on monoliths and microchannel reactors preserve the properties of the initial powder catalyst. However, this assumption should be reasonably demonstrated since the set of chemical and physical manipulations involved in the preparation of these catalytic devices hardly does not alter the surface of the starting catalyst powders. This work aims to evaluate the transformations that takes place in a model Ru/Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> catalyst during a typical slurry preparation procedure and their impact on the catalytic performance for the CO methanation reaction and the selective methanation of CO in CO<sub>2</sub>-rich reformate gases. For this purpose, we have conducted an *in situ* comprehensive study by means of Fourier Transform Infrared Spectroscopy (FTIR) in which the nature of the species present on the surface of the catalyst during CO hydrogenation was analyzed. This study reveals that during the preparation of the slurry the starting Ru/Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> catalyst suffers a redispersion of metallic Ru particles and more surface hydroxyls are created by the incorporation of additional alumina. These modifications have a noticeable influence in the catalytic performance and despite their importance, these aspects have been poorly considered in other studies.

Keywords: Ru catalyst; slurries preparation; CO methanation; in situ FTIR

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