

Author's Accepted Manuscript

The influence of eating psychopathology on autobiographical memory specificity and social problem-solving

Nathan Ridout, Munveen Matharu, Elizabeth Sanders, Deborah J. Wallis



PII: S0165-1781(15)00412-6
DOI: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.psychres.2015.06.030>
Reference: PSY9019

To appear in: *Psychiatry Research*

Received date: 18 August 2014

Revised date: 27 May 2015

Accepted date: 7 June 2015

Cite this article as: Nathan Ridout, Munveen Matharu, Elizabeth Sanders and Deborah J. Wallis, The influence of eating psychopathology on autobiographical memory specificity and social problem-solving, *Psychiatry Research*, <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.psychres.2015.06.030>

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting galley proof before it is published in its final citable form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

Running head: Memory specificity, problem solving and eating psychopathology

The influence of eating psychopathology on autobiographical memory specificity and social problem-solving

Nathan Ridout* ^a, Munveen Matharu ^a, Elizabeth Sanders ^a and Deborah J. Wallis ^b

^a Department of Psychology, School of Life & Health Science, Aston University,
Birmingham, UK

^b Loughborough University Centre for Research into Eating Disorders, School of Sport
Exercise and Health Sciences, Loughborough University, Loughborough, UK

Address for correspondence*

Dr Nathan Ridout

Department of Psychology,

School of Life & Health Science,

Aston University

Birmingham, UK

B4 7ET

Tel: +44 (0) 121 2044162

Fax: +44 (0) 121 2044090

Email: n.ridout@aston.ac.uk

Abstract

The primary aim was to examine the influence of subclinical eating psychopathology on autobiographical memory specificity (AMS) and social problem solving (SPS). A further aim was to establish if AMS mediated the relationship between eating psychopathology and SPS. A non-clinical sample of 52 females completed the autobiographical memory test (AMT), where they were asked to retrieve specific memories of events from their past in response to cue words, and the means-end problem-solving task (MEPS), where they were asked to generate means of solving a series of social problems. Participants also completed the Eating Disorders Inventory (EDI) and Hospital Anxiety and

Download English Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/en/article/10303671>

Download Persian Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/article/10303671>

[Daneshyari.com](https://daneshyari.com)