## Accepted Manuscript

Equivalent reference points in Multiobjective Programming

M. Luque, L.A. Lopez-Agudo, O.D. Marcenaro-Gutierrez

 PII:
 S0957-4174(14)00652-6

 DOI:
 http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.eswa.2014.10.028

 Reference:
 ESWA 9630

To appear in: Expert Systems with Applications



Please cite this article as: Luque, M., Lopez-Agudo, L.A., Marcenaro-Gutierrez, O.D., Equivalent reference points in Multiobjective Programming, *Expert Systems with Applications* (2014), doi: http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.eswa. 2014.10.028

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

## ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

### Equivalent reference points in Multiobjective Programming

Luque, M.<sup>1,\*</sup>, Lopez-Agudo, L. A.<sup>2</sup> and Marcenaro-Gutierrez, O. D.<sup>2</sup> <sup>1</sup>Department of Applied Economics (Mathematics), Universidad de Málaga <sup>2</sup>Department of Applied Economics (Statistics and Econometrics), Universidad de Málaga

#### Abstract

CCF

In this paper, we concentrate on reference point based methods in multiobjective programming to demonstrate, as main contribution, that the solution to a multiobjective optimization problem stays unchanged if the reference point is changed to any point on a set defined by means of the original reference point, the nondominated objective solution and some parameters of the ASF. Concretely, this new set of "equivalent reference points" is the convex linear combination of two straight lines, one containing the original reference point and the other a nondominated objective solution, where the slope of both straight lines is given by the inverses of the weights of the ASF. An illustrative example is used to show the results obtained and an empirical model (application with real data) allows us to highlight possible implications.

**Keywords:** Multiobjective Programming, Reference Point, Achievement Scalarizing Function, interactive methods.

Mathematics Subject Classification (2010 database): 90C29, 90C90, 91B02.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>\*</sup>Corresponding author. Email: mluque@uma.es; Tel.: +34 95 213 1173; Fax: +34 95 213 2061. Department of Applied Economics (Mathematics), Universidad de Malaga, C/ Ejido 6, 29071, Malaga (Spain)

Coauthors e-mail: luisalej90@gmail.com, odmarcenaro@uma.es.

Download English Version:

# https://daneshyari.com/en/article/10321748

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/10321748

Daneshyari.com