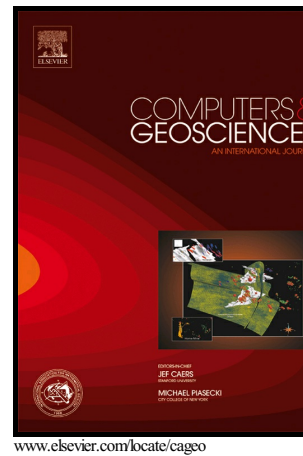


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Numerical modelling of gravel unconstrained flow experiments with the DAN^{3D} and RASH^{3D} codes

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Abstract

Landslide continuum dynamic models have improved considerably in the last years, but a consensus on the best method of calibrating the input resistance parameter values for predictive analyses has not yet emerged. In the present paper, numerical simulations of a series of laboratory experiments performed at the Laboratory for Rock Mechanics of the EPF Lausanne were undertaken with the RASH^{3D} and DAN^{3D} numerical codes. They aimed at analysing the possibility to use calibrated ranges of parameters 1) in a code different from that they were obtained from and 2) to simulate potential-events made of a material with the

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