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Novel Lu-doped Bi_2WO_6 nanosheets: Synthesis, growth mechanisms and enhanced photocatalytic activity under UV-Light irradiation

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Abstract

Polycrystalline systems of lutetium doped bismuth tungstates Bi_2WO_6 : Lu (Lu at.% 0, 2, 5, 8) were synthesized using the coprecipitation method, followed by thermal treatment at 500°C. The Bi_2WO_6 :Lu samples were characterized by X-Ray diffraction (XRD), scanning electron microscopy (SEM), energy-dispersive X-Ray analysis (EDS) and UV-Vis diffuse reflectance spectra (DRS). The XRD and SEM analyses showed that the as-prepared samples crystallized in the same orthorhombic structure and consist of agglomerated nanosheets. To characterize the photocatalytic activities, UV-Visible spectrometry was used to analyze the evolution of Rhodamine B photodegradation in presence of the Bi_2WO_6 : Lu photocatalysts. The characteristic absorption band of Rhodamine B at 554 nm shifted to lower wavelengths under UV irradiation. The pure Bi_2WO_6 and the 5% Lu doped Bi_2WO_6 photocatalysts presented the lowest and highest efficiencies, respectively. An interpretation of improved photocatalytic efficiencies was proposed.

Key words: bismuth tungstate, lutetium doping, nanostructures, nanosheets, photocatalytic activity, photodegradation.

1. Introduction

Recently, semiconductors have received an increasing attraction in various fields due to their potential applications on energy conversion [1,2,3], photocatalytic and electrochemical devices [4,5,6]. In this present work, we deal with photocatalytic applications for environmental depollution. Among various studied photocatalysts which are very promising in the visible light region, bismuth tungstate Bi_2WO_6 , a member of the Aurivillius phase family of layered perovskites, which are structurally composed of alternating perovskite and fluorite-like blocks, of general

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