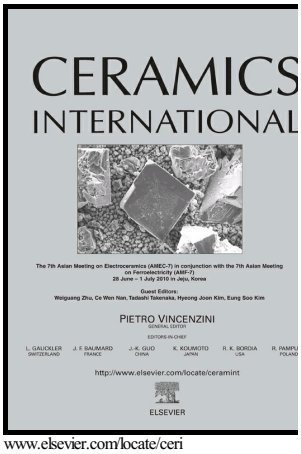

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PII: S0272-8842(15)01745-9
DOI: http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.ceramint.2015.09.037
Reference: CERI11314

To appear in: *Ceramics International*

Received date: 31 July 2015
Revised date: 2 September 2015
Accepted date: 6 September 2015

Cite this article as: Acacio Rincón, Rodrigo Moreno, Adriana S.A. Chinelatto Carlos F. Gutierrez, María Dolores Salvador and Amparo Borrell, Effect o graphene and CNFs addition on the mechanical and electrical properties of dens alumina-toughened zirconia composites, *Ceramics Internationa* http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.ceramint.2015.09.037

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ABSTRACT

Fully dense carbon/alumina-toughened zirconia composites were prepared by using a combination of aqueous colloidal powder processing and spark plasma sintering technique (SPS). Various carbon elements were introduced in alumina-toughened zirconia matrix (ZA) as filler; carbon nanofibers (CNFs) and graphene oxide (GO). The influence of the addition of different carbon forms on the microstructure and on the mechanical and electrical properties was investigated. In the case of the ZAGO composites, the SPS technique allowed, in one-step, the in situ reduction of the graphene oxide during the sintering process. The fracture toughness increases for ZAGO composites in comparison to the ZA material while the hardness decreases slightly with carbon elements addition. The