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Durability and Mechanical Properties of Self-compacting Concrete Incorporating Palm Oil

Fuel Ash

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List of keywords: Self-compacting concrete; Palm oil fuel ash; Durability; Mechanical

properties; Microstructure; Shrinkage.

Abstract

As worldwide electricity consumption has increased, so too has the waste of electricity. Palm oil fuel ash

is a waste material generated in power plant due to burning of palm oil industry waste as a fuel to

generate electricity. Annual production of such a massive amount of waste requires a huge disposal field

that would be a threat to the environment. Therefore, due to the abundance and high pozzolanic

characteristics, palm oil fuel ash has attracted many researchers to evaluate the potential of its use in

constructional materials. In this study, self-compacting concretes were produced by incorporation of palm

oil fuel ash at 10, 15 and 20% by weight of Portland cement and their mechanical and durability potential

were evaluated under normal, acid and sulfate attack conditions. It was observed that incorporation of

palm oil fuel ash in self-compacting concrete enhanced the acid and sulfate resistance, reduced the dry

shrinkage and surface water absorption of the self-compacting concrete without an adverse effect in final

compressive strength of the products.

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