

# Accepted Manuscript

On the influence of physical parameters on the properties of the electric double layer modelled by soft potentials. A Monte Carlo study

Rafał Górniak, Stanisław Lamperski



PII: S0013-4686(18)31779-1

DOI: [10.1016/j.electacta.2018.08.011](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.electacta.2018.08.011)

Reference: EA 32445

To appear in: *Electrochimica Acta*

Received Date: 24 January 2018

Revised Date: 31 July 2018

Accepted Date: 4 August 2018

Please cite this article as: Rafał. Górniak, Stanisław. Lamperski, On the influence of physical parameters on the properties of the electric double layer modelled by soft potentials. A Monte Carlo study, *Electrochimica Acta* (2018), doi: 10.1016/j.electacta.2018.08.011.

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

# On the influence of physical parameters on the properties of the electric double layer modelled by soft potentials. A Monte Carlo study

Rafał Górniak, Stanisław Lamperski\*

Department of Physical Chemistry, Faculty of Chemistry, Adam Mickiewicz University of Poznań, Umultowska 89b, 61-614 Poznań, Poland

## Abstract

Grand canonical Monte Carlo results are reported for an electric double layer formed by a planar electrode and spherical ions. The non-electrostatic interactions are the soft interactions approximated by the Lennard-Jones (LJ) potential. In particular, the ion-ion interactions are described by the 12-6 LJ potential, while the ion-electrode interactions are given by the 9-3 potential. The ion charge is located at the centre of a sphere. Ions are immersed in a continuous dielectric medium whose relative permittivity is equal to that of a solvent. The results of simulations for a 1:1 electrolyte and the same ion diameters show that the singlet distribution function of counter-ions has a single high maximum, while that of co-ions has two small maxima. The maxima of counter- and co-ions increase with increasing ion-ion or ion-electrode soft interactions, with decreasing temperature or electrolyte concentration. Analogous changes in the soft interactions, temperature and electrolyte concentration lead to formation at some distance from the negatively charged electrode surface of a negative

---

\* Corresponding author: Email: [slamper@amu.edu.pl](mailto:slamper@amu.edu.pl)

Download English Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/en/article/11000502>

Download Persian Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/article/11000502>

[Daneshyari.com](https://daneshyari.com)