Accepted Manuscript

Increased neutrophil-lymphocyte ratios in depressive adolescents is correlated with the severity of depression.

Gonca Özyurt, Nagihan Cevher Binici

PII: S0165-1781(18)30422-0

DOI: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.psychres.2018.08.007

Reference: PSY 11601

To appear in: Psychiatry Research

Received date: 6 March 2018 Revised date: 25 June 2018 Accepted date: 4 August 2018



Please cite this article as: Gonca Özyurt, Nagihan Cevher Binici, Increased neutrophil-lymphocyte ratios in depressive adolescents is correlated with the severity of depression., *Psychiatry Research* (2018), doi: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.psychres.2018.08.007

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Highlights:

- We investigated the neutrophil-lymphocyte ratio and platelet-lymphocyte ratio in adolescents with major depression.
- The neutrophil-lymphocyte ratios of the adolescents with depression were significantly higher than those of the control group even after adjusting for age, sex, BMI and scores of BDI, whereas there was no significant difference in platelet-lymphocyte ratios.
- A positive correlation between the severity of depression and the neutrophil-lymphocyte ratios and platelet-lymphocyte ratios in depressed adolescents was determined.

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/11002027

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/11002027

<u>Daneshyari.com</u>