

## Accepted Manuscript

Title: An incremental non-iterative learning method for one-layer feedforward neural networks

Author: Oscar Fontenla-Romero Beatriz Pérez-Sánchez  
Bertha Guijarro-Berdiñas



PII: S1568-4946(17)30481-7  
DOI: <http://dx.doi.org/doi:10.1016/j.asoc.2017.07.061>  
Reference: ASOC 4389

To appear in: *Applied Soft Computing*

Received date: 29-7-2016  
Revised date: 18-7-2017  
Accepted date: 31-7-2017

Please cite this article as: Oscar Fontenla-Romero, Beatriz Pérez-Sánchez, Bertha Guijarro-Berdiñas, An incremental non-iterative learning method for one-layer feedforward neural networks, *Applied Soft Computing Journal* (2017), <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.asoc.2017.07.061>

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

# An incremental non-iterative learning method for one-layer feedforward neural networks

Oscar Fontenla-Romero\*, Beatriz Pérez-Sánchez, Bertha Guijarro-Berdiñas

*Department of Computer Science,  
Faculty of Informatics, University of A Coruña  
Campus de Elviña s/n, 15071 - A Coruña (Spain)*

---

## Abstract

In machine learning literature, and especially in the literature referring to artificial neural networks, most methods are iterative and operate in batch mode. However, many of the standard algorithms are not suitable for efficiently managing the emerging large-scale data sets obtained from new real-world applications. Novel proposals to address these challenges are mainly iterative approaches based on incremental or distributed learning algorithms. However, the state-of-the-art is such that there are few learning methods based on non-iterative approaches, which have certain advantages over iterative models in dealing more efficiently with these new challenges. We have developed a non-iterative, incremental and hyperparameter-free learning method for one-layer feedforward neural networks without hidden layers. This method efficiently obtains the optimal parameters of the network, regardless of whether the data contains a greater number of samples than variables or vice versa. It does this by using a square loss function that measures errors before the output activation functions and scales them by the slope of these functions at each data point. The outcome is a system of linear equations that obtain the network's weights and that is further transformed using Singular Value Decomposition. We analyze the behavior of the algorithm, comparing its performance and scaling properties

---

\*Corresponding author

*Email addresses:* [oscar.fontenla@udc.es](mailto:oscar.fontenla@udc.es) (Oscar Fontenla-Romero\*),  
[beatriz.perezs@udc.es](mailto:beatriz.perezs@udc.es) (Beatriz Pérez-Sánchez), [cibertha@udc.es](mailto:cibertha@udc.es) (Bertha Guijarro-Berdiñas)

Download English Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/en/article/11002711>

Download Persian Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/article/11002711>

[Daneshyari.com](https://daneshyari.com)