Accepted Manuscript

Surface effect on buckling of microtubules in living cells using first-order shear deformation shell theory and standard linear solid model

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PII: \$0093-6413(17)30597-9

DOI: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.mechrescom.2018.08.011

Reference: MRC 3303

To appear in: Mechanics Research Communications

Received date: 6 November 2017 Revised date: 14 July 2018 Accepted date: 14 August 2018



Please cite this article as: M. Kamali , M. Shamsi , A.R. Saidi , Surface effect on buckling of microtubules in living cells using first-order shear deformation shell theory and standard linear solid model, *Mechanics Research Communications* (2018), doi: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.mechrescom.2018.08.011

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ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

	Publication Office:
Mechanics Research Communications. Year	Elsevier UK
Editor-in-Chief: A. Rosato New Jersey Institute of Technology, Newark, New Jersey, USA Anthony.Rosato@njit.edu	

Highlights

- Axial buckling of taxol- and MAP-stabilized microtubules is investigated.
- Both surface and nonlocal effects are taken into consideration.
- SLS model is used to describe the viscoelastic surrounding cytoplasm.
- A good agreement is found between the results and available experimental data.
- Stabilizing microtubules with taxol reduces the critical buckling load.

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