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Research paper

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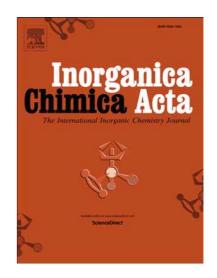
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Short communication

Tetranuclear nickel cubane cluster formed by the hydrolysis of nickel koneramine complex

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Abstract:

Hydrolysis of a nickel(II) complex of a hemiaminal ether ligand yielded a tetranuclear $Ni_4(\mu_3-O)_4$ cubane cluster. The structural, electrochemical, thermal and physical properties of the cluster were studied and reported here.

Synthesis, structural, magnetic, electrochemical and photochemical studies of tetranuclear transition metal clusters are topical in the context of mimicking oxygenevolving center of photosynthesis¹ and of the development of single molecular magnets.²⁻¹⁰ Manganese clusters are of high importance owing to the fact that the photosynthetic splitting of water into oxygen is done by Mn₃CaO₄ cluster of the photosystem II (PSII) present in the plants and other organisms. ^{1,2,4,11} Other transition metal clusters such as Cu_4O_4 , 5,9,10,12 Fe_4O_4 , 13 Co_4O_4 , 14 Co_4Cl_4 , 15 heterometallic clusters such as Tb₂Ni₂, ¹⁶ Ni₄Cl₄ ¹⁵ and Ni₄O₄ clusters ^{3,6-8,17-22} are reported in the past as single molecular magnets. Three tetranuclear Ni₄O₄ cubane molecules of the formula [Ni(µ₃-OCH₂Py)(ROH)Cl]₄, where R is CH₃, CH₂CH₃ or CH₂CH₂C(CH₃)₃, have been reported as single molecular magnets in the year 2003 by Christou and Hendrickson.³ The synthesis was done by the reaction of equimolar amounts of NiCl₂·6H₂O and pyridine-2-methanol in alcohol in the presence of sodium methoxide at refluxing conditions. Due to the interesting magnetic properties of the clusters, [Ni(µ₃-OCH₂Py)(ROH)Cl]₄, three more Ni₄O₄ cubanes of the same family have been reported with fast magnetization tunneling properties.^{6,7} In the year 2010, Braunstein the related reported closely tetraaqua-Ni₄O₄ cubane. $[Ni(\mu_3-OCH_2Py)(H_2O)Cl]_4\cdot THF\cdot H_2O$, isolated from a peculiar reaction where appropriate amount of a heptanuclear Ni₇ cluster [Ni₇(OCH₂Py)₇]Cl₂·CH₂Cl₂·H₂O was mixed with [NiCl₂(DME)].⁸ pysub²³ hameury²⁴

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