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Acute Right Ventricular Heart Failure: An Uncommon Case of Thyrotoxicosis

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Title Page

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Abstract

Right ventricular failure can be secondary to right ventricular ischemia, pulmonary or

tricuspid valvular disease, myocardial shunts, cardiomyopathy, acute and chronic pulmonary

hypertension, myocarditis and pericardial disease and it generally carries a poor prognosis.

Thyrotoxicosis is a clinical state resulting from high thyroid hormone action in tissues

generally due to high thyroid hormone levels.

The association between severe hyperthyroidism and high-output heart failure is well-

known. Less widespread is the concept that hyperthyroid patients, irrespective of coexisting

diseases and through mechanisms not fully elucidated, are at higher risk for pulmonary

hypertension and right heart failure, both reversible with the achievement of euthyroidism

and associated with a good prognosis.

We describe the case of a 44-year-old woman with right ventricular failure and moderate

pulmonary hypertension in the setting of thyrotoxicosis, which resolved rapidly after anti-

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