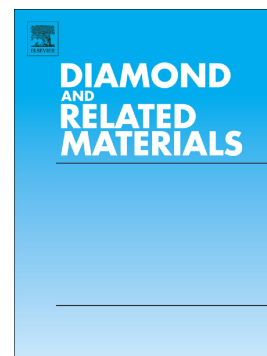


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Rapid synthesis of carbon/graphite encapsulated iron-based composite nanoparticles by a gaseous-liquid detonation

Jun-Xiang Xiang^{1,2}, Ning Luo^{1,2,*}, Tao Shen^{1,2}, Han-Liang Liang^{1,2}, Hong-Wen Jing², Zhan-Guo Ma^{1,2}

1.State Key Laboratory for Geo-mechanics and Deep Underground Engineering, China University of Mining and Technology, Xuzhou 221116, China

2.School of Mechanics and Civil Engineering, China University of Mining and Technology, Xuzhou 221116, China

Abstract: In this paper, the gaseous mixture (CH₄, C₂H₂, H₂ and O₂) and ferrocene were used as raw materials to rapidly synthesize core-shell structure carbon/graphite encapsulated iron-based nanoparticles under high-temperatures and high-pressure environment generated by gaseous-liquid detonation. The obtained black powders were characterized by X-ray diffraction (XRD), transmission electron microscopy (TEM) with selected area electron diffraction (SAED) and Raman spectroscopy. The results indicated that the uniformly sized (10-50nm) iron-based core-shell structural composite nanoparticles were effectively synthesized by adjusting the mole ratios of mixture gaseous. In addition, the growth mechanism of carbon/graphite encapsulated metal nanoparticles was also discussed based on the ZND model theory.

Keywords: gaseous-liquid detonation, carbon/graphite, core-shell structure, synthesis, formation mechanism

1. Introduction

In modern nanomaterial science, the core-shell structural carbon/graphite-encapsulated metal nanoparticles (C/GEMNPs) are one of the most interesting composite materials, which outer protective shells are composed of amorphous carbon/graphite coating layers and the inner core is metal, metallic oxides

* Corresponding author. Tel.: +18305201191
Email address: nluo@cumt.edu.cn

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