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A promising laccase immobilization approach for Bisphenol A removal from aqueous solutions

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1

Abstract

The immobilization of crude laccase from *Trametes pubescens* by glutaraldehyde crosslinking prior to entrapment into Ca-alginate beads increased the immobilization yield by 30% and reduced the leaking by 7-fold compared to the immobilization with no crosslinking. The performance of the newly developed biocatalyst to degrade Bisphenol A (BPA) from aqueous solutions was tested. Thus, operating at optimal conditions (i.e. pH 5, 30°C, 20 mg L⁻¹ BPA and 1500 U L⁻¹ laccase), a BPA removal higher than 99% in 2 h was achieved. This value is higher than those reported to date for BPA removal

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