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Studies on the interaction of mononuclear metal(II) complexes of amino-

naphthoquinone with bio-macromolecules

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Abstract

Three metal(II) complexes [CoLCl₂], [CuLCl₂] and [ZnL₂Cl₂] $\{L = 2\text{-chloro-}3\text{-}((3\text{-}$

dimethylamino)propyl)amino)naphthalene-1,4-dione} have been synthesized and characterized

using analytical, thermal and spectral techniques (FT-IR, UV-Vis, ESR and ESI-MS). The

structure of the L has been confirmed by single crystal XRD study. The complexes show good

binding propensity to bovine serum albumin (BSA) having relatively higher binding constant

values (10⁴ M⁻¹) than the ligand. Fluorescence spectral studies indicate that [CoLCl₂] binds

relatively stronger with CT DNA through intercalative mode, exhibiting higher binding constant

(2.22x10⁵ M⁻¹). Agarose gel electrophoresis run on plasmid DNA (pUC18) prove that all the

complexes showed efficient DNA cleavage via hydroxyl radical mechanism. The complexes

were identified as potent anticancer agents against two human cancer cell lines (MCF7 and

A549) by comparing with cisplatin. Co(II) complex demonstrated greater cytotoxicity against

MCF7 and A549 cells with IC₅₀ values at 19 and 22 μ M, respectively.

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Key words: Metal complex; Quinone; DNA binding; Protein binding; Cytotoxicity

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