Author's Accepted Manuscript

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| PII: | S0039-9140(18)30928-7 |
|------------|---|
| DOI: | https://doi.org/10.1016/j.talanta.2018.09.018 |
| Reference: | TAL19032 |

To appear in: Talanta

Received date: 22 June 2018 Revised date: 3 September 2018 Accepted date: 5 September 2018

Cite this article as: Anqing Wang, Yaping Ding, Li Li, Dingding Duan, Qianwen Mei, Qi Zhuang, Shiqiang Cui and Xinyu He, A novel electrochemical enzyme biosensor for detection of 17β -estradiol by mediated electron-transfer system, *Talanta*, https://doi.org/10.1016/j.talanta.2018.09.018

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A novel electrochemical enzyme biosensor for detection of

17β-estradiol by mediated electron-transfer system

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Abstract

An extremely sensitive enzyme sensor for detection of 17β -estradiol based on electropolymerized L-lysine molecules on a glassy carbon electrode (GCE) modified with critic acid@graphene (CA-GR) and cross-linked with laccase enzyme has been developed in this work. As the laccase immobilization, glutaraldehyde was chosen as cross-linker through the groups reactions. The novel enzyme sensor could recognize and determinate 17β -estradiol effectively. The morphology of the enzyme modified electrode was characterized by transmission electron microscopy (TEM) and electron microscopy (SEM). The amino interaction between cross-linker and enzyme was characterized by Fourier transform infrared spectroscopy (FTIR). Under the optimal experimental conditions, good linear relationships were achieved in the range of 4×10^{-13} - 5.7×10^{-11} M and a limit of detection as low as 1.3×10^{-13} M. Moreover, the enzyme sensor exhibited good reproducibility, stability and high selectivity to 17β -estradiol. Excellent performance was showed in the human urine samples analysis, thus confirming great prospect for further application in clinic diagnosis and biological research.

Graphical abstract

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