Accepted Manuscript

Pulmonary rehabilitation and oropharyngeal exercises as an adjunct therapy in obstructive sleep apnea: a randomized controlled trial

Katerina Neumannova, Milada Hobzova, Milan Sova, Jan Prasko

PII: S1389-9457(18)30100-X

DOI: 10.1016/j.sleep.2018.03.022

Reference: SLEEP 3668

To appear in: Sleep Medicine

Received Date: 1 November 2017
Revised Date: 31 January 2018
Accepted Date: 8 March 2018

Please cite this article as: Neumannova K, Hobzova M, Sova M, Prasko J, Pulmonary rehabilitation and oropharyngeal exercises as an adjunct therapy in obstructive sleep apnea: a randomized controlled trial, *Sleep Medicine* (2018), doi: 10.1016/j.sleep.2018.03.022.

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.



ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Pulmonary rehabilitation and oropharyngeal exercises as an adjunct therapy in obstructive sleep apnea: a randomized controlled trial

Katerina Neumannova ^a, Milada Hobzova ^b, Milan Sova ^b, Jan Prasko ^{c,*}

^a Department of Physiotherapy, Faculty of Physical Culture, Palacky University Olomouc, The Czech Republic

^b Department of Respiratory Medicine, University Hospital Olomouc and Faculty of Medicine and Dentistry, Palacky University Olomouc, The Czech Republic

^c Department of Psychiatry, University Hospital Olomouc and Faculty of Medicine and Dentistry, Palacky University Olomouc, The Czech Republic

* Corresponding author: Department of Psychiatry, University Hospital Olomouc and Faculty of Medicine and Dentistry, Palacky University Olomouc, I.P. Pavlova 6, 77520 Olomouc, The Czech Republic. Tel.: +420 603 414 930.

E-mail address: praskojan@seznam.cz (J. Prasko).

ABSTRACT

Objective: It is well recognized that the most effective treatment for obstructive sleep apnea (OSA) is continuous positive airway pressure (CPAP). Different treatment possibilities comprise surgery, mandibular advancement, pulmonary rehabilitation, and oropharyngeal and facial exercises (PR program). However, these treatments showed inconsistent results. The purpose of the study was to compare the short-term effects of CPAP and the combination of PR program with CPAP on OSA severity, ventilatory functions, and changes in body characteristics in a newly diagnosed patient.

Methods: This study was a single-center, two-arm, parallel, randomized, controlled, openlabel trial. Forty patients with OSA (20 men, 20 women, aged 54.2 ± 6.8 years) with moderate

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/11029124

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/11029124

<u>Daneshyari.com</u>