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ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Electrochemical determination of phenothrin in fruit juices at graphene oxide-polypyrrole

modified glassy carbon electrode

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Abstract

An electrochemical sensor was developed based on graphen oxide-polypyrrole modified glassy

carbon electrode (GO/PPy/GCE) for sensitive determination of phenothrin in fruit samples.

GO/PPy/GCE was characterized by scanning electron microscopy (SEM), Fourier Transform

Infrared Spectroscopy (FT-IR), Ultraviolet-Visible spectroscopy (UV-Vis) and Raman

spectroscopy. The sensor was also characterized using electrochemical impedance spectroscopy

and cyclic voltammetry. Compared to bare GCE, GO/GCE and PPy/GCE, the reduction peak

current of phenothrin increased significantly at GO/PPy/GCE, demonstrating that GO/PPy/GCE

exhibited electrocatalytic activity towards the reduction of phenothrin. Under the optimal

conditions, the sensor showed a linear relationship over the range of 2.5x10⁻⁸-2.0x10⁻⁵ M with

detection limits of 13.8x10⁻⁹ M. In addition, the analytical application of the proposed method

was carried out by the determination of phenothrin in fruit juice samples.

Key words: phenothrin, graphene oxide-polypyrrole, sensor, fruit juices

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