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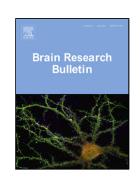
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Probiotics modify body weight together with anxiety states via pro-

inflammatory factors in HFD-treated Syrian golden hamster

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Abstract

Emerging studies are beginning to suggest that emotional states together with healthful measures

constitute pertinent features of our lifestyle in which bad eating habits but more importantly what our

gut has to host are causing great concern. It is well known that humans have established mutual

relationships with a wide array of colonized microbes (collectively called gut microbiota) consisting

of bacteria, fungi, eukaryotic parasites and viruses. The gut microbiota has exhibited a notable ability

of communicating with the brain via a two-way system that includes the vagus nerve, immune sites,

and a number of neurotransmitters. Interestingly, stressful along with obesity, cognitive, and brain

developmental states are strongly influenced by microbiota homeostatic conditions. It was our aim to

investigate behavioral and obesity effects evoked by treatment with probiotics via neuroinflammatory

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