## Accepted Manuscript

## **Short Communication**

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PII: S0960-8524(18)31227-6

DOI: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.biortech.2018.08.123

Reference: BITE 20406

To appear in: Bioresource Technology

Received Date: 13 July 2018
Revised Date: 28 August 2018
Accepted Date: 29 August 2018



Please cite this article as: Bhushan, I., Saraswat, R., Gupta, P., Shah, B.A., Enantioselective resolution of 2-arylpropionic acid derivatives employing immobilization of lipase from *Bacillus subtilis* strain Kakrayal\_1 (BSK-L), *Bioresource Technology* (2018), doi: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.biortech.2018.08.123

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Enantioselective resolution of 2-arylpropionic acid derivatives employing

immobilization of lipase from Bacillus subtilis strain Kakrayal\_1 (BSK-L)

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**Abstract** 

This work studied the enantioselective resolution of 2-arylpropionic acid derivatives

employing immobilization of lipase produced by Bacillus subtilis strain Kakrayal\_1

(BSK-L). The efficient immobilization of lipase on modified silica gel was confirmed

by Fourier transform infrared spectroscopy. Tethering of lipase facilitated the

enhancement of physiochemical properties and stability of enzyme. Covalently

immobilized enzyme retained 85% of residual activity even on reuse after  $10^{\text{th}}$  reaction

cycle. Validation of immobilized lipase for enantioselective resolution of 2-

arylpropionic acid derivatives led to 47.8% conversion efficiency with 87%

enantiomeric excess (ee) for ketoprofen, and 27.3% conversion efficiency with 75% ee

for flurbiprofen. The enantioselective resolution using immobilized lipase (BSK-L) was

superior to free and commercially procured lipase, which suggest a potential application

of immobilized lipase in the pharmaceutical/chemical industry.

**Keywords:** Silica, Lipase, *Bacillus sp.*, Immobilization, Enantioselective resolution

1. Introduction

Lipases catalyses reactions in both aqueous and organic medium, with low water

content leading to potential application primarily focused on synthesis of the

bioproducts in pharmaceutical, cosmetics, biofuels, environmental and textiles

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