

Available online at www.sciencedirect.com



Procedia Social and Behavioral Sciences

Procedia - Social and Behavioral Sciences 190 (2015) 24 - 31

2nd GLOBAL CONFERENCE on PSYCHOLOGY RESEARCHES, 28-29, November 2014

A Survey Regarding of Domestic Violence Againts Women

Gizem Oneri Uzun^a*, Huseyin Uzunboylu^b

^aFaculty of Education, Near East University, Nicosia, North Cyprus, Mersin 10 Turkey ^bDivision of Curriculum and Instruction, Near East University, Nicosia, North Cyprus, Mersin 10 Turkey

Abstract

Violence has been turned to be an oftenly applied type of attitude. The violence which is complicated issue, has been continued to be an irrepressible and secret dangerous that effects most of our lives and physical and emotional health negatively. It is being an another discussion issue that we accept violence as an inevitable end as the violence is a widespread issue. The type of family violence is the most seen violence type. Many researches in the world show that woman are subjected to violence. In this respect, it is requested to undermine the thoughts that violence against woman is irrepressible. It is requested to have some preventive measures with psychological help to prevent violence against woman.

Published by Elsevier Ltd. This is an open access article under the CC BY-NC-ND license (http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-nd/4.0/).

Peer-review under responsibility of Academic World Research and Education Center.

Keywords: Violence, Family, Doomestic/Family Violence, Prevention

1. Concept of Violence

Violence is a complex and difficult situation which we have been facing in every area of our lives recently. It is a kind of hidden threat that irrepressible and affects many of our lives, pysical and mental health as well. While the violence is so common, our understanding of the violence as a inevitable end can be considered as a separate form of discussion (Page and Ince, 2008).

While The World Health Organization (2009) determines the nature of the violence as physical, sexual and physcological and negligence, Piskin and friends determines the violence as having features such as physical, verbal and physcological exclusion, damaging the goods and sexual dimensions (2010).

^{*} Gizem Oneri Uzun. Tel.: +90 392 223 6464; fax: +90 392 223 6464. *E-mail address:* gizemoneri@hotmail.com

According to the World Health Organization; "violence is the use of the physical force or power, aimfully, in a way to increase the physical harm or the possibility of physical harm, physcological harm, death, development problems or poverty to onself o to any other one or to be used it in real." (World Health Organization, 2002, s.4). In other words, violence is the behaviors lead to the emotional injuries, oppression, anger or emotional stress of individuals (Page and Ince, 2008).

On the basis of the violence is mostly the social values and cultures, for instance "nurture" takes a place. In this case, in the event of facing a violence, this can lead to education of these persons children in same way. The people who were exposed to violence in their childhood, perceive the violence that they have face in their future life as their wn faults (Prime Ministry Family Research Council, 2005).

Regarding of any behavior as an act of violence varies from culture to culture. As the scoial norms and the values change, the perception of the behavior as violence also changes acoordingly. For instance, the bastinado which were performed in Ottoman period for the 'nurture' is prohitibited today since it constitutes violence against children (Akyuz, 2009).

Although concept of violence is a social fact, they are all kind of forceing behaviors performed in order to harm a living target intentionally. In this context, negative consequences arises on individuals (Yilmaz, 2011).

WHO (2002), describes the violence as "the use of the physical force or power, aimfully, in a way to increase the physical harm or the possibility of physical harm, physcological harm, death, development problems or poverty to onself o to any other one or to be used it in real." (Karaboga, 2013).

In other words, violence can be explained as destructive, agressive behaviors, abuse of body power and most important of all it is the physcological-biological energy to harm the society (Baybuga and friends, 2012).

In the surveys performed in the United States of America, the survey with the date of 2010 takes our attention. Just in one minute of time, 24 people becomes a victim of spousal violence by raping, physical violence and stalking 15% of women is exposed to be raped, physical violence and stalking (Black and friends, 2011).

Violence is a problem which can be faced in all steps of life and which harms the society health. The violence which is an opressed behavior in human nature covers all the behaviors that can harm the people and society. When examining the researches on the violence, the definitation of violence varies according to socities and to cultures. While many types of violence is deemed to be normal behavior in some cultures ,they are deemed as violence in other societies. In particular, all kind of violence against women in Turkey, Turkish Republic of Northern Cyprus and other countries has been most common type of violence recently.

Among the causes of the violence; when biological reasons are observed, according to Yildirim (1998), the agressive behaviors are mostly observed in men and the abundance of androgens are considered as the development of agression. The surveys performed up to date, indicates that violence has no affect biologically. When pyscological-sociological reasons are examined, in the researches of Incecik and friends, it has been observed that the people who were exposed to violence in their childhood, carry great risk of violence in their adult age as well as to be witness of violence exposed to their mother or siblings may affect their future life in same way (Kendirci, 2013).

2. Surveys Performed in Turkey Regarding Violence Against Women

When the applications made to the Istanbul Science Faculty are observed, (1985), the 62% of spousal violence begin in first years of marriage. In other research performed in same years, it has been informed that 43% of poor and divorced women were exposed to beating so often by their husbands during their marriage (Arikan, 1992).

According to Incecik and friends, (1996), it has been determined that the ratio of violence against women insociety in Turkey is 22%, and 75% of married women get beating by their husband and 45% of the women who are exposed to violence do not give any effort to get rid of that situation.

The subject of violence was brought to be in agenda in Turkey in 1980's. In 1987, "Walking for No Beating" laid the foundation of these researches (Yildirim, 1998).

Altinay and Arat, has conducted a reasearch regarding domestic violence in Turkey in 2007. As result of the information collected from total of 1800 women from different provinces, they have found out that 1 of every 3 women is beaten by their husbands and 1 of every 6 men, who has higher education, applies violance against their wifes. The most important findings among the other findings in the research is that as much as the education level of

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/1109516

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/1109516

Daneshyari.com